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SUGAR REPORTS

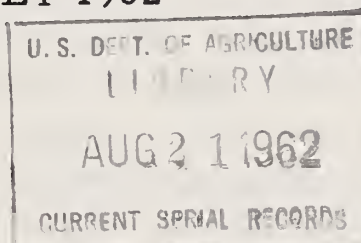
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL STABILIZATION AND CONSERVATION SERVICE
SUGAR DIVISION

WASHINGTON, D.C.

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CONTENTS



PAGES

1.	MARKET REVIEW	2 - 7
2.	SUGAR REGULATIONS AND DETERMINATIONS	8 - 10
3.	(a) ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS RELATING TO 1962 SUGAR SUPPLIES	11 - 16
	(b) OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS	17
4.	STATISTICAL SERIES	18 - 28
	(a) Highlights	18
	(b) Supply and Disposition Summary: January-May 1962	19
	(c) Disposition and stocks: January-May 1962 and 1961	20
	To end June 1962 and 1961	20
	(d) Mainland Production and Quota Charges: January-May 1962 and 1961	21
	(e) Refiners' and Importers' receipts by Source of supply: January-May 1962 and 1961	21
	(f) Status of Quota and Non-quota Purchase sugar To end June 1962	22 - 23
	(g) Deliveries by States: May 1962	24
	To end May 1962 and 1961	25 - 26
	(h) Sugar Prices by Areas	27
	(i) Refined sugar production and stocks	28

MARKET REVIEW

Signing of the Sugar Act amendments of 1962 by the President late on Friday, July 13, 1962, and the issuance of regulations by the Secretary on Monday, July 16, 1962, began a new phase in United States sugar program history. The amendments were passed by the House on June 29 and the Senate on July 2. Additional amendments pertaining to foreign sugar, commonly referred to as the "Mansfield Amendment to the Honey Bee Bill," were signed into law on July 19, 1962.

The new sugar program extends through 1966, except that the present provisions for sugar from foreign countries other than the Republic of the Philippines extend only through 1964. The immediately important provisions of the Act as newly amended are reflected in the press release of July 16 reproduced later in this report which spells out initial quotas, fees and operating procedures for the last half of 1962. A transcription of the Proclamation of the President of July 19, 1962, of additional allocations to the Dominican Republic and Argentina follows the press release.

The principal changes introduced by the amendments to the Act as they apply at the current 9,700,000 tons annual sugar requirements, include the following:

1. Quotas for the domestic areas as a group were increased 623,500 tons. Those for the offshore areas were reduced 161,500 tons but only until they demonstrate their ability to fill larger quotas. Domestic beet sugar and mainland cane sugar quotas were increased a total of 785,000 tons. These areas are to share prorata 65 percent of increases in requirements. Of the beet sugar quota for each of the years, 65,000 tons is reserved for new producing localities and factories.
2. All quota deficits, both domestic and foreign, are to be allocated to the Philippines and Western Hemisphere countries.
3. Quotas for foreign countries other than Cuba were increased by a total of 950,000 tons, with an additional 150,000 tons allocated to the

Dominican Republic and Argentina from the quota reserved for Cuba. The quota reserved for Cuba has been reduced from 3,208,000 to 1,635,000 tons.

4. Quotas for imports of direct consumption sugar from foreign countries were reduced from 507,000 tons under the Act as amended in 1956 to about 75,000 tons.

5. The reduced quota reserved for Cuba will be withheld subject to resumption of diplomatic relations.

6. Importations will be permitted from any country with which the U.S. is in diplomatic relations, as a "global quota", to fill the quota withheld from any country not in diplomatic relations with the U.S., with special consideration to countries of the Western Hemisphere and those purchasing United States agricultural commodities.

7. All imports of foreign sugar, except those from the Philippines are made subject to payment of a fee. For the "global quota", the fee is to fill the gap between the world price and a U.S. price that will fulfill objectives of the Act. This rate is currently 2.4 cents per pound, raw value. For specific country quotas, the fee will be 10 percent of the full rate in 1962, 20 percent in 1963 and 30 percent in 1964. For imports of direct consumption sugar the import fee will be 0.1, 0.2 and 0.3 cent per pound for 1962-3-4, respectively, over the rates on raw sugar.

In addition to the initial allocation of 300,000 tons of global quota, the quotas established for the last half of 1962 for foreign countries other than the Philippines, including the allocations by the President to the Dominican Republic and Argentina, total about 522,000 tons. About 120,000 tons of Philippine sugar arrived between July 1 and 25 and trade sources indicate that at least 230,000 tons more are already in sight to arrive before September 30. Cane sugar refiners began the second half of 1962 with stocks of about 752,000 tons, about 50,000 tons more than in 1961.

Beet processors' June 30 sugar stocks of 701,000 tons were 85,000 tons smaller than a year earlier and 46,000 tons smaller than two years ago. To fill their new quota, last half year deliveries of 1,590,000 tons will be required, 10 percent more than a year ago and 29 percent more than

in 1960. The July crop report of the Department indicates a national average yield of beets no better than last year, but total beet production up 5 percent due to the acreage increase. Last year sucrose content of the sugar beets and factory recovery of the available sucrose, as well as the beet yield, were very low. There is no present reason to anticipate below average sucrose content this year.

Sugarcane production from the 1962 crop in Louisiana was estimated to be 17 percent smaller than last year's record breaker. While acreage for harvest was estimated only slightly below that of 1961, the yield is expected to be considerably lower. Acreage for harvest in Florida will be 132 percent greater than for the 1961 crop, the previous record. With the yield of cane per acre estimated below that of last year, cane production is indicated to be up 123 percent.

During the most recent weeks reported, production for the year to date in Hawaii has been closing in on the comparative figures for 1961 when the total for the calendar year was 1,092,000 tons.

Through July 15, Puerto Rican sugar production totaled approximately 1,000,000 tons. Three mills were still grinding at that time, but sugar recovery from the cane had fallen even lower than a year earlier. During the week ended July 15, sugar production totaled only 3,000 tons. Last year about 10,000 tons of sugar was produced after July 15, 1961 and total production from the crop was 1,110,000 tons.

Deliveries of refined sugar by all primary distributors during the first half of 1962 were only slightly larger than for the first half of 1961 but deliveries by refiners increased about 150,000 tons, those by beet processors declined about 115,000 tons, and those by importers about 20,000 tons.

During the first three weeks of July 1962 deliveries exceeded those for a comparable period last year by 50,000 tons. Refiners continued to increase their deliveries over those of last year by an additional 74,000 tons while beet processors fell another 23,000 tons behind those of a year ago.

Except for a 0.15 cent rise for Metropolitan New York, quoted prices for refined sugar have remained the same as noted in our June Report and are as follows:

	<u>Cane</u>	<u>Beet</u>
	<u>Cents per pound</u>	
Northeast	9.60	
New York metropolitan area	9.50	
Southeast	9.20	
Gulf	9.10	
Chicago-West	9.20	9.00
Chicago Switching District (delivered)	9.60	9.40
Lower Pacific Coast	9.20	9.20
Oregon-Washington	9.00	9.00
Mountain States	9.10	9.00

For the entire first six and a half months of 1962, the U.S. duty paid price for raw sugar fluctuated less than during any comparable period since the war; the range for the entire period was only 0.15 cent per pound and for the first two weeks in July only 0.03 cent. On July 25 the quotation was 6.35 cents. The "World price" quoted on July 25 for bulk raw sugar, f.o.b. stowed Caribbean ports, was 2.97 per pound. The quotations ranged from 2.87 on July 16 to 3.00 cents on July 18, 19 and 20. All of the earlier July quotations were in the 2.80 - 2.88 range continuing a rising trend from 2.50 cents on June 5 and 2.05 cents on January 29.

The 1961 Annual Report of the International Sugar Council issued recently has this, in part, to say about the market for that year: "The Council at its Tenth Session held on the 30th May, reviewed the situation and noted that on the basis of the action taken in February supplies and requirements were in balance. That the price thereafter commenced a decline which brought it down by the year's end to 2.18 cents (and thereafter to 1.96 cents) was largely due at first to fear in the market that offers for export in 1961 might exceed export entitlements, then to the knowledge that some countries' export entitlement had been exceeded, and finally to the failure of governments attending the United Nations International Sugar Conference of 1961 to agree upon quotas and other regulative provisions for 1962 and 1963."

The report, also, cites the following official figures on overshipment of 1961 export entitlements:

	<u>Metric tons</u>
Cuba	1,422,238
Czechoslovakia	71,420
Ecuador	3,341
France	14,893
Hungary	83,407
Poland	<u>130,265</u>
Total	1,725,564

It should be observed that France exported over 76,000 metric tons of sugar during the month of December 1961 so that its comparatively small overshipment was made after the negotiating conference in Geneva had failed to agree upon export quotas under the International Sugar Agreement for 1962 and 1963.

For convenient comparisons, the 1961 monthly averages for Sugar Council raw sugar prices, the most recent available, and the quotations for the New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange, contract No. 8, bulk sugar, f.o.b. and stowed, Caribbean ports, are shown below with the latter series continued to date to indicate recent trends. The Sugar Council prices, after discontinuance of the No. 4 contract of the N.Y. Exchange basically, are averages of its No. 8 contract quotations and London Exchange quotations expressed in U.S. cents per pound, f.a.s. Cuba, but modified after May 30, 1961, to be not more than 0.03 cent per pound in excess of the lower of those prices. (See page 7)

In late 1961 actual transactions in both raw and refined sugar were reported at prices well below the normal relationships to exchange quotations for raw cane sugar. Furthermore, for extended periods refined beet sugar from Eastern Europe sold at lower prices per pound than raw cane sugar.

Monthly Average Raw Sugar Prices
Sugar New York Exchange
Council No. 8 Contract
U.S. cents per pound

1961

January	2.93	3.03
February	2.84	2.97
March	2.84	2.97
April	3.03	3.14
May	3.19	3.35
June	2.97	3.20
July	2.76	3.05
August	2.43	2.80
September	2.46	2.69
October	2.39	2.73
November	2.31	2.53
December	2.21	2.46

1962

January	2.30
February	2.36
March	2.65
April	2.69
May	2.60
June	2.63
July 1 - 25	2.90

SUGAR REGULATIONS AND DETERMINATIONS

The enactment of the Sugar Act amendments of 1962 and the interest of many persons not previously concerned with sugar call for identifying and providing easy reference to the text of all of the rules that currently apply under the Sugar Act, as amended. Such is the purpose of the listing that follows. (Pages 9 and 10).

All Sugar Act regulations and determinations are required to be published in the Federal Register and all those that are in effect at the time of reissue appear in Title 7, Chapter VIII of the Code of Federal Regulations. New items and amendments appear in supplements to the Code. Many of the sugar regulations apply to a specific calendar year or crop. Thus to be sure of referring to the rules currently in effect, it is necessary to examine the daily Federal Registers issued after the date of the available Code or supplement. The most recent Code includes regulations and determinations in the Sugar Act Chapter effective on January 1, 1960 and a supplement just issued includes amendments issued in 1960-61 and in effect on January 1, 1962.

Abbreviated references to the Code show, in succession, the title number, the letters CFR and the Part number. The first digit of the Part number denotes the chapter. All Part numbers from 7CFR801 to 7CFR899 are reserved for Sugar Act items but not all such numbers are in use. More specific references than those shown in the listing add numbers to the right of a decimal point to denote Sections. The same Title, Chapter and Part organization and numbers are used in the Federal Register but the citations are by volume (for the year) and page. Thus items published in 1962 are referred to as 27 FR (page).

Each month in Sugar Reports, sugar regulations and determinations issued since the preceding publication date are listed under "Administrative Actions." Reprints of the full texts are mailed as they become available to addressees on a Sugar Division mailing list. The Federal Register citation is shown at the end of such reprints. Copies of any of the items on the following list needed for current reference may be obtained from the Sugar Division.

Status of Sugar Regulations and Determinations July 20, 1962
Pursuant to Sugar Act of 1948, as amended in July 1962

Part number :	Title	Current Citations
<u>Subchapter A - Practice and Procedure</u>		
801	Rules of Practice and Procedure Governing Proceedings to Allot Sugar Quotas, and to Determine Processes and Qualities Distinguishing Raw Sugar and Direct-consumption Sugar	7CFR801
802	Price and Wage Proceedings	7CFR802
<u>Subchapter B - Sugar Requirements and Quotas</u>		
810	Processings of Sugar Which Constitute Further Refinement or Improvement in Quality, and Distinction of Sugars of Specific Qualifies as Raw Sugar or Direct-Consumption Sugar	7CFR810
811	Continental Sugar Requirements and Area Quotas for 1962	27FR6863
812	Sugar Requirements and Quotas; Hawaii and Puerto Rico, calendar year 1962	Pending
813	Allotment of Sugar Quotas, Domestic Beet Area (Calendar year)	None
814	Allotment of Sugar Quotas, Mainland Cane Area (Calendar year)	None
815	Allotment of Sugar Quota Puerto Rico (Calendar year) (815.2 Allotment of the Direct-consumption portion of Mainland Quota for Puerto Rico calendar year 1962 is pending)	None
816	Requirements Relating to the Marketings of Sugar and Liquid Sugar Produced from Sugar Beets and Sugarcane Grown in the Continental United States and the Marketings of Sugar for Consumption in Hawaii and Puerto Rico	7CFR816 27FR1450
817	Requirements Relating to Bringing or Importing Sugar or Liquid Sugar into Continental United States	7CFR817 27FR6865
<u>Subchapter C - Determination of Processor-Producer</u>		
821	Processor-Producer	7CFR821
<u>Subchapter D - Determination of Farms</u>		
822	Continental United States	7CFR822
826	Hawaii	7CFR826
827	Puerto Rico	7CFR827
828	Virgin Islands	7CFR828
<u>Subchapter E - Determination of Sugar Commercially Recoverable</u>		
831	Beet Sugar Area	7CFR831
833	Mainland Cane Sugar Area, 1961 crop	7CFR833
836	Hawaii	7CFR836
837	Puerto Rico	7CFR837
838	Virgin Islands	7CFR838

Continued

Status of Sugar Regulations and Determinations, continued from page 9

Part number	:	Title	:	Current Citations
<u>Subchapter F - Determination of Normal Yields and Eligibility for Abandonment and Crop Deficiency Payments</u>				
841		Normal Yields; Beet Sugar Area		7CFR841
842		Eligibility for Abandonment and Crop Deficiency Payments, Beet Sugar Area		7CFR842
845		Mainland Cane Sugar Area		7CFR845
846		Hawaii		7CFR846
847		Puerto Rico, 1961-62 crop 1962-63 crop		7CFR847 27FR6080
848		Virgin Islands		7CFR848
<u>Subchapter G - Determination of Proportionate Shares</u>				
849		Determination of Prevented Acreage Credit (Domestic Beet Sugar Area)		7CFR849
850		Domestic Beet Sugar Producing Area, 1961 crop 1962 crop		7CFR850 27FR43
855		Mainland Cane Sugar Area, 1962 crop		7CFR855
856		Hawaii		7CFR856
857		Puerto Rico, 1961-62 crop		7CFR857
858		Virgin Islands		7CFR858
<u>Subchapter H - Determination of Wage Rates</u>				
862		Sugar Beets, 1961 crop 1962 crop		7CFR862 27FR2357
863		Sugarcane, Florida		7CFR863
864		Sugarcane, Louisiana		7CFR864
866		Sugarcane, Hawaii		7CFR866
867		Sugarcane, Puerto Rico		7CFR867
868		Sugarcane, Virgin Islands, 1962		27FR1880
<u>Subchapter I - Determination of Prices</u>				
871		Sugar Beets, 1961 crop		7CFR871
873		Sugarcane, Florida, 1961 crop		7CFR873
874		Sugarcane, Louisiana, 1961 crop		7CFR874
876		Sugarcane, Hawaii, 1962 crop		27FR4875
877		Sugarcane, Puerto Rico, 1961-62 crop		27FR1408
878		Sugarcane, Virgin Islands, 1962 crop		27FR1792
<u>Subchapter J - Ratification and Continuance of Sugar Regulations</u>				
881		Regulations, Orders and Notices Ratified and Continued in Effect Pursuant to the Act of Congress Entitled, Sugar Act Amendments of 1962		27FR6866

ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS RELATING TO 1962 SUGAR SUPPLIES

On July 13, 1962 the President signed the Sugar Act amendments of 1962 (Public Law 87-535). Pursuant to the Act so amended the Secretary of Agriculture issued regulations relating to sugar requirements and area quotas for 1962 (Sugar Regulations 811, Amendment 4), and to procedures governing the importation of sugar and liquid sugar into the continental United States (Sugar Regulations 817, Amendment). These regulations became effective July 18, 1962 and appear in the July 20, 1962 Federal Register. On July 19, 1962 the President signed additional amendments (P.L. 87-539) and a Proclamation allocating additional quotas to the Dominican Republic and Argentina pursuant thereto. The July 16, 1962 press release announcing the Secretary's actions and the President's Proclamation are reproduced in full below.

Revised Sugar Marketing Quotas Announced: (July 16, 1962)

Revised sugar marketing quotas, established in accordance with the Sugar Act, as amended and extended, were announced today by the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

The revised quotas for the domestic areas total 5,810,000 tons and are for the entire calendar year 1962. The revised quota for the Republic of the Philippines, also for the entire calendar year, is 1,050,000 tons. Quota prorations for other individual foreign countries, established for the six-month period July 1-December 31, 1962, total 447,195 tons.

In addition, 300,000 tons are authorized for purchase and importation from all foreign countries which are net sugar exporters and with which this country maintains diplomatic relations. This quantity, authorized for purchase from foreign countries as a group, is part of the proration amounting to 616,743 tons which is withheld from Cuba, with which the United States maintains no diplomatic relations. Sugar imported within the 300,000 tons must be authorized for release on or before August 15, for arrival on or before September 30.

The balance of the proration withheld from Cuba, amounting to 316,743 tons, is reserved to permit giving special consideration to Western Hemisphere countries and to countries buying U. S. agricultural commodities.

Individual country prorations of 3,736 tons for The Netherlands, 316 tons for Canada, 258 tons for the United Kingdom, and 2 tons for Hong Kong were not established because in 1961 these countries were not net exporters.

The quotas announced today are in addition to the 1,766,750 tons of sugar permitted to be imported during the first half of 1962 within the quotas for foreign countries other than the Republic of the Philippines and the non-quota purchase sugar allocations in effect during that period.

The importation of sugar from foreign countries within the quantities and quota prorations announced today is conditioned upon the payment by importers of fees of 2.4 cents per pound for the quantity of 300,000 tons authorized for importation from foreign countries as a group; 0.24 cent per pound for raw sugar authorized for importation from specified individual countries other than the Republic of the Philippines; and 0.34 cent per pound for direct-consumption sugar authorized for importation within the quota prorations for specified foreign countries other than the Republic of the Philippines. Importations of sugar within the quota established for the Republic of the Philippines are not conditioned upon the payment of a fee.

An initial payment in the form of a certified check payable to the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service must accompany each application for release of sugar. This initial payment is to be computed by multiplying the actual weight of sugar for which authorization for release of sugar for further refining is requested by a factor of 1.05 and then by the applicable fee per pound. For direct-consumption sugar, the initial payment is to be computed by applying a factor of 1.07 to the actual weight to determine the raw value equivalent to which the fee is applicable. Final settlement is to be based upon the pounds of sugar, raw value, imported multiplied by the fee in the case of both raw and direct-consumption sugar if the sugar authorized is actually imported.

An importer may apply for authorization to import sugar at any time within the period starting five days before scheduled sailing or shipment and ending when U. S. Customs clearance upon arrival in the United States is requested. This permits a variety of sales and shipment agreements and gives the importer the option of fixing the fee at the time of his choice within the above-stated period. Once fixed, however, the applicant may not cancel an authorization except when importation is prevented by force majeure or other reasons specifically stated in the regulations.

1962 Sugar Quotas and Prorations

		Quotas	Direct-
		Applicable :	and : consumption
Area or Country	period	prorations	limit
Short tons, raw value			
Domestic Beet Sugar	Cal. Year	2,650,000	No limit
Mainland Cane Sugar	" "	895,000	" "
Hawaii	" "	1,110,000	33,174
Puerto Rico	" "	1,140,000	145,500
Virgin Islands	" "	15,000	0
Total domestic areas	" "	5,810,000	178,674
Republic of the Philippines	" "	1,050,000	59,920
Total	" "	6,860,000	238,594
Peru	July-Dec.	71,635	0
Dominican Republic	" "	71,635	0
Mexico	" "	71,635	0
Brazil	" "	68,005	0
British West Indies	" "	34,056	0
Australia	" "	15,053	0
Republic of China	" "	13,238	3,795
French West Indies	" "	11,316	0
Colombia	" "	11,316	0
Nicaragua	" "	9,395	9,395
Costa Rica	" "	9,395	1,944
Ecuador	" "	9,395	3
India	" "	7,580	0
Haiti	" "	7,580	1,175
Guatemala	" "	7,580	3
South Africa	" "	7,580	0
Panama	" "	5,658	3,817
El Salvador	" "	3,843	0
Paraguay	" "	3,736	0
British Honduras	" "	3,737	0
Fiji Islands	" "	3,736	0
Belgium	" "	91	91
All Countries-Authorized for purchase	" "	300,000	0
Total	" "	747,195	20,223
Prorations not established	" "	9,312	
Not authorized for purchase at this time	" "	316,743	
Total	" "	326,055	
Full-duty country quotas	Jan-June	162,538	
Non-quota purchase authorized	" "	1,604,212	
Total	" "	1,766,750	
Grand total	Cal. year	9,700,000	

Detailed procedures for the payment of sugar import fees and for certification of imports are contained in Sugar Regulation 811, issued today, and in an amendment to Sugar Regulation 817. Copies of these regulations are available from the Sugar Division, Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C.

Department officials are considering possible methods by which the rate of fee can be fixed on specific quantities of sugar at an earlier date prior to shipment of sugar than that provided under the regulations issued today. Interested persons who wish to express views in this regard should forward them to the Director of the Sugar Division as early as possible.

July 20, 1962

THE WHITE HOUSE

ALLOCATING TO CERTAIN WESTERN HEMISPHERE COUNTRIES
PART OF THE SUGAR WHICH WOULD HAVE BEEN ALLOCATED
TO CUBA

- - - -

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS section 202(c)(4) of the Sugar Act of 1948 (P.L. 87-535 and 87-539) provides as follows:

"(4)(A) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (3) of this subsection, whenever the United States is not in diplomatic relations with any country named in paragraph (3) of this subsection and during such period after resumption of diplomatic relations with such country as the Secretary determines is required to permit an orderly adjustment in the channels of commerce for sugar, the proration or allocation provided for in paragraph (3) of this subsection shall not be made to such country, and a quantity of sugar not to exceed an amount equal to the proration or allocation which would have been made but for the provisions of this paragraph, may be authorized for purchase and importation from foreign countries, except that all or any part of such quantity need not be purchased from any country with which the United States is not in diplomatic relations, or from any country designated by the

President whenever he finds and proclaims that such action is required in the national interest. In authorizing the purchase and importation of sugar from foreign countries under this paragraph, special consideration shall be given to countries of the Western Hemisphere and to those countries purchasing United States agricultural commodities.

"(B) Of the quantity authorized for purchase and importation under subparagraph (A), the President is authorized to allocate to countries within the Western Hemisphere, for the six-month period ending December 31, 1962, an amount of sugar, raw value, not exceeding in the aggregate 75,000 short tons, and for the calendar years 1963 and 1964, an amount of sugar, raw value, not exceeding in the aggregate 150,000 short tons."; and

WHEREAS the allocation of sugar authorized under the provisions of section 202(c)(4)(B) of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended, is dependent upon a quantity of sugar being available for purchase and importation in accordance with the provisions of section 202(c)(4)(A) of the Act, during the six-month period ending December 31, 1962, and each of the calendar years 1963 and 1964:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, John F. Kennedy, President of the United States of America, acting under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by section 202(c)(4)(B) of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended, do hereby allocate, of the quantities authorized for purchase and importation under section 202(c)(4)(A) of such Act, the following quantities of sugar, raw value, as sugar which may be imported into the continental United States from the specified countries for the specified periods pursuant to section 202(c)(4)(B) of such Act:

1. For the six-month period ending December 31, 1962:

a. From Argentina 10,000 short tons, and

b. From the Dominican Republic 65,000 short tons.

2. For each of the calendar years 1963 and 1964:

a. From Argentina 20,000 short tons, and

b. From the Dominican Republic 130,000 short tons.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

DONE at the city of Washington this 19th day of July, in the year
of our Lord nineteen
hundred and sixty-two,
and of the independence
of the United States of
America the one hundred
and eighty-seventh.

JOHN F. KENNEDY

By the President:

DEAN RUSK

Secretary of State

OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONSDate announcedNature of action

July 16,
1962

Public hearing on Louisiana sugarcane wages and prices to be held in the District Court Room, Parish Courthouse, Houma, La., July 27, starting at 10 a.m.

Testimony will be received on (1) fair and reasonable wage rates for workers in Louisiana employed in harvesting 1962-crop sugarcane, and in producing and cultivating sugarcane during 1963, and (2) fair and reasonable prices which processor-producers must pay for 1962-crop sugarcane purchased from other producers. (See July 17, 1962 Federal Register).

July 16,
1962

Informal public hearing on establishing restrictive proportionate shares (farm acreage allotments) for the 1963 sugarcane crop in the Mainland Sugarcane Area (Louisiana and Florida) will resume July 20. This hearing will reopen at 10 a.m. in the Di Lido Hotel, Collins Avenue and Lincoln Road, Miami Beach, Fla. The hearing began in New Orleans, La., and was recessed March 13.

July 20,
1962

Ratification and continuance of regulations, orders and notices in effect June 30, 1962 pursuant to authority under Sugar Act of 1948, as amended, and which by their terms did not expire on that date. (See July 20, 1962 Federal Register).

STATISTICAL SERIES IN THIS ISSUEHIGHLIGHTS

1. June 1962 sugar deliveries for continental U. S. consumption, 929,000 short tons, raw value (preliminary) up about 105,000 tons from May 1962 and up 107,000 tons from June 1961. January-June 1962 deliveries 4,503,000 short tons, raw value, about the same as the January-June 1961 period. Final data for May 1962 deliveries, 824,000 -- previously published preliminary as 823,000 tons.

2. Primary distributors' stocks June 30, 1962 were 1,521,926 short tons, raw value (preliminary), down 37,000 tons from a year earlier, and down 102,000 tons from end May 1962. During June refiners' stocks increased by about 69,000 tons, and importers of direct-consumption sugar stocks by about 2,000 tons; beet processors' stocks decreased by about 162,000 tons, and mainland sugarcane processors' stocks by about 12,000 tons.

3. Charges to 1962 quotas to June 30, 1962 were 2,979,475 short tons, raw value; in addition, 1,588,458 tons of non-quota purchase sugar were authorized for entry, for a total of the two of 4,567,933.

4. Regionally, January-May deliveries, 1962 as compared with 1961, were down to 4 regions and up to 1: Decreases -- Middle Atlantic 0.5 percent, North Central 2.7 percent, New England 4.6 percent, Southern 5.9 percent; Increase -- Western 2.6 percent.

Table 1. - Sugar supply and disposition by primary distributors, January-May 1962

(Short tons, raw value)

Item	: Beet	: Importers	: Main-land cane	Refiners		: Net total
	: processors	: :	: processors	: Raw	: Refined	:
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
SUPPLY						
1. <u>Inventory Jan. 1, 1962</u>	1,268,555	61,944	23,105	596,246 <u>2/</u>	245,411 <u>2/</u>	2,195,261
2. <u>Production and movement</u>						
a. Received as direct-consumption sugar	0	121,866	0	0	4,610	126,476
b. Produced from beets or cane	436,600	0	159,092	8,919	0)	470,478 <u>3/</u>
Less deliveries to refiners	0	0	134,133	0	0)	
c. Receipts of raws by refiners	0	0	0	2,474,549 <u>4/</u>	0)	- 200,215 <u>5/</u>
Less raws melted	0	0	0	2,674,764	0)	
d. Refined from raws melted	0	0	0	0	2,653,731	2,653,731
e. Adjustments	- 48	+ 45	+ 106	- 1,862	- 4,830	- 6,589
f. Sub-total	436,552	121,911	25,065	- 193,158	2,653,511	3,043,881
3. <u>Net total supply</u>	1,705,107	183,855	48,170	403,088	2,898,922	5,239,142
DISPOSITION						
4. <u>Distribution for</u>						
a. Quota purposes	841,970	120,177	14,538	584	2,596,981	3,574,250
b. Export	0	647	0	0	20,131	20,778
c. Livestock feed	0	18,658	0	0	1,602	20,260
d. Sub-total	841,970	139,482	14,538	584	2,618,714	3,615,288
5. <u>Inventory May 31, 1962</u>	863,137	44,373	33,632	402,504 <u>6/</u>	280,208 <u>6/</u>	1,623,854
6. <u>Total distribution and inventory</u>	1,705,107	183,855	48,170	403,088	2,898,922	5,239,142

1/ Establishments that acquire no raw sugar from others for refining. Processor-refiners are included with refiners.

2/ Includes Mainland cane sugar not charged to quota: Raws, 36,694; Refined, 29,689; Total, 66,383.

3/ Production less deliveries of raw sugar to refiners.

4/ Includes 134,135 received from mainland cane processors.

5/ Receipts of raw sugar by refiners less melt.

6/ Includes mainland cane sugar not charged to quota: Raws, 29,510; Refined, 10,303; Total, 39,813.

Table 2 . - Distribution of sugar by primary distributors, January-May 1962 and 1961

Item	1962	1961	Change 1961 to 1962
Short tons, raw value			
Continental United States			
Refiners' raw	584	2,867	- 2,283
Refiners' refined	2,618,714	2,597,249	+ 21,465
Sub-total	2,619,298	2,600,116	+ 19,182
Beet processors' refined	841,970	925,154	- 83,184
Importers' direct consumption	139,482	153,734	- 14,252
Mainland sugarcane processors'	14,538	22,521	- 7,983
Total	3,615,288	3,701,525	- 86,237
For: Export	20,778	14,544	+ 6,234
Livestock feed	20,260	13,412	+ 6,848
Continental consumption 1/	3,574,250	3,673,569	- 99,319
Puerto Rico	39,490	44,963	- 5,473
Hawaii	16,271	23,092	- 6,821

1/ Includes deliveries for United States Military forces at home and abroad.

Table 3 . - Stocks of sugar held by primary distributors in the continental United States, May 31, 1962 and 1961

Item	1962	1961	Change 1961 to 1962
Short tons, raw value			
Refiners' raw	402,504	424,338	- 21,834
Refiners' refined	280,208	274,159	+ 6,049
Sub-total 1/	682,712	698,497	- 15,785
Beet processors' refined	863,137	990,972	- 127,835
Importers' direct consumption	44,373	71,404	- 27,031
Mainland sugarcane processors'	33,632	24,128	+ 9,504
Total	1,623,854	1,785,001	- 161,147

1/ Included mainland cane sugar not charged to quota; 1962 - Raws, 29,510; Refined, 10,303; Total, 39,813; 1961 - Raws, 17,179; Refined, 13,774; Total, 30,953.

Table 4 . - Distribution of sugar by primary distributors in the continental United States, June and January-June, 1962 and 1961

Item	1962 1/	1961
	June	January-June
Short tons, raw value		
Refiners	680,256	3,299,554
Beet processors' refined	217,831	1,059,801
Importers' direct consumption	29,518	169,000
Mainland sugarcane processors'	1,500 2/	16,038
Total	929,105	4,544,393
For: Export	N. A.	20,778
Livestock feed	N. A.	20,260
Continental consumption 3/	929,105	4,503,355

1/ Preliminary. 2/ Estimated. 3/ Includes deliveries for U. S. military forces at home and abroad.

Table 5 . - Stocks of sugar held by primary distributors in the continental United States, June 30, 1962 and 1961

Item	1962 1/	1961	Change 1961 to 1962
Short tons, raw value			
Refiners' raw	470,917	398,876	+ 72,041
Refiners' refined	281,013	302,928	- 21,915
Sub-total	751,930	701,804	+ 50,126
Beet processors' refined	701,360	786,012	- 84,652
Importers' direct consumption	46,636	65,728	- 19,092
Mainland sugarcane processors'	22,000 2/	5,205	+ 16,795
Total	1,521,926	1,558,749	- 36,823

1/ Preliminary. 2/ Estimated.

Table 6. - Mainland sugar: Production and quota charges January-May 1962 and 1961

Item	1962	1961	Change 1961 to 1962
Short tons, raw value			
<u>Production</u>			
Mainland cane	159,198	111,339	+ 47,859
Domestic beet	436,552	418,255	+ 18,297
Total	595,750	529,594	+ 66,156
<u>Quota charges</u>			
Mainland cane:			
Louisiana sugarcane processors			
For further processing	26,981	4,377	+ 22,604
For direct-consumption	8,958	15,462	- 6,504
Louisiana processor-refiners	64,715	50,102	+ 14,613
Florida sugarcane processors	82,473	60,559	+ 21,914
Sub-total	183,127	130,500	+ 52,627
Beet processors	841,970	925,154	- 83,184
Total	1,025,097	1,055,654	- 30,557

Table 7. - Sugar receipts of refiners and importers by source of supply 1/ January-May 1962 and 1961

Source of Supply	Raw sugar		Direct-consumption sugar		Total	
	1962	1961	1962	1961	1962	1961
Short tons, raw value						
<u>Offshore</u>						
<u>Foreign</u>						
Dominican Republic	363,870	290,611	8,536	15,035	372,406	305,646
Mexico	356,390	347,447	7,290	5,202	363,680	352,649
Peru	224,162	240,314	5,096	2,702	229,258	243,016
Philippines	493,149	612,544	12,944	16,612	506,093	629,156
Other countries	203,385	163,395	23,924	40,961	227,309	204,356
Sub-total	1,640,956	1,654,311	57,790	80,512	1,698,746	1,734,823
<u>Domestic</u>						
Hawaii	275,817	402,208	4,610 2/	0 2/	280,427	402,208
Puerto Rico	421,354	448,276	64,076	73,504	485,430	521,780
Virgin Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-total	697,171	850,484	68,686	73,504	765,857	923,988
Total offshore	2,338,127	2,504,795	126,476	154,016	2,464,603	2,658,811
Mainland cane area	143,054	82,928	0 3/	0 3/	143,054	82,928
Acquired for reprocessing and samples	2,287	2,718	0	0	2,287	2,718
Grand total	2,483,468	2,590,441	126,476	154,016	2,609,944	2,744,457

1/ Includes sugar as detailed in Table 8. 2/ Refined sugar received by refiners. 3/ Refined sugar produced direct from cane by processor-refiner.

Table 8. - Receipts of quota-exempt and over-quota sugar included in Table 7.

Purpose	Refiners		Importers		Total	
	1962	1961	1962	1961	1962	1961
Short tons, raw value						
For: Export	45,431	24,983	6,257	4,152	51,688	29,135
Livestock feed	1,377	571	16,738	14,558	18,115	15,129
Later release						
Bonded	0	0	0	0	0	0
In customs custody	0	0	387	28,357	387	28,357
Total	46,808	25,554	23,382	47,067	70,190	72,621

Table 9. - Status of 1962 sugar quotas as of June 30, 1962

Area	Quota	Credits		Charge to quota & offset		Unfilled Balance	
		for	drawback	to drawback of duty 1/	Direct-	Direct-	consump-
		of	duty	Total	consump-	consump-	tion
					tion 2/	Total	tion
Short tons, raw value							
Domestic Beet	1,138,562			1,060,000		78,562	
Mainland Cane 3/	254,730			198,000		56,730	
Hawaii 3/	526,476			537,013	6,108	0	0
Puerto Rico	664,422			571,913 4/	70,775	92,509	1,092
Virgin Islands	9,060			0	0	9,060	0
Republic of the Philippines	490,000	-		489,563	22,202	437	437
Other foreign countries	162,538	416		122,986	30,936	40,058	3,070
Total quotas	3,245,788	416		2,979,475	130,021	277,356	4,599
Subject to Section 408 (b) of Act	1,604,212	All Allocated: For status see Table 11.					
Total Requirements	4,850,000						
Details of other foreign countries							
Peru	54,259	1		19,811	5,194	34,449	54
Dominican Republic	48,154	405		48,649	4,673	0	0
Mexico	40,054	7		40,060	8,504	1	1
Nicaragua	7,874	3		5,596	5,596	2,281	8
Haiti	3,820	-		1,174	1,174	2,646	2,326
Netherlands	1,970	-		1,970	1,970	0	0 5/
China	1,901	-		1,901	-	0	0
Panama	1,901	-		1,220	1,220	681	681
Costa Rica	1,896	-		1,896	1,896	0	0
Canada	316	-		316	316	0	0 5/
United Kingdom	258	-		258	258	0	0 5/
Belgium	91	-		91	91	0	0 5/
British Guiana	42	-		42	42	0	0
Hong Kong	2	-		2	2	0	0
Total	162,538	416		122,986 6/	30,936	40,058	3,070

LIQUID SUGAR 7/

Wine gallons of 72 percent total sugar content

Dominican Republic	415,447	33,233	382,214
Federation of the W. Indies	150,000	0	150,000

1/ These data include the following: (a) Domestic beet and Mainland cane sugar partly estimated, (b) all other sugar entered or authorized as of June 30, 1962. 2/ Includes raw sugar for direct-consumption from Haiti, 1,174; total, 1,174. 3/ Despite deficits decalred, full quotas remain available as follows: Hawaii, 588,968; and Mainland cane, 324,730. 4/ In addition, 231 tons of raw and 21 tons of direct-consumption sugar were brought in for subsequent return to Puerto Rico. 5/ Sugar held in Customs custody pending availability of quota: Belgium 982, Canada 176, Hong Kong 46, Netherlands 2,269, and the United Kingdom 1,484. 6/ Under Sec. 212 (1) charges to quota exclude 1 ton from Japan, 8 tons from Sweden, 10 tons from West Germany, South Africa, Paraguay and from each country listed. 7/ Under Sec. 212 (3) 180 gallons were entered from Australia, 1,622 from France, 315 from Italy, 8,425 from the United Kingdom, 980 from Poland and 2,822 from West Germany, 150 from Hong Kong, 48 from Ireland, and 374 from Switzerland.

Table 10 - Quota-exempt sugar entered under sections 211 (a) and 212 (4) as of June 30, 1962 1/

Source	For			Sugar entered under bond for refining
	Reexport	Feed	Total	
Short tons, raw value				
Belgium		1,817	1,817	
Brazil	939	-	939	
Canada	-	274	274	
Colombia	590	586	1,176	
Dominican Republic	21,217	13,748	34,965	
Costa Rica	-	6	6	
France	-	-	-	
French West Indies	11,470	-	11,470	
Turkey	-	4,717	4,717	
Netherlands	295	-	295	
Philippines	-	-	-	17,823
United Kingdom	4,029	981	5,010	
South Africa	1,389	4,901	6,290	
Haiti	4,271	-	4,271	
Puerto Rico	-	-	-	199
Total	44,200	27,030	71,230	18,022

1/ Excludes 3122 tons from Australia held in Customs Custody for quota-exempt purposes.

1/ Excludes 3122 tons from Australia held in Customs Custody for quota-exempt purposes.

Table 11. - Status of Non-quota purchase sugar as of June 30, 1962

Item	Authorized	Authorized for Entry for $\frac{1}{2}$		Total Unfilled Balance
	for	Further	Direct-	
	Purchase	Processing	Consumption	
Short tons, raw value				
Dominican Republic	431,041	430,347	0	694
Peru	275,739	274,428	0	1,311
Mexico	358,536	358,066	0	470
Philippines	182,401	182,401	0	0
Nicaragua	42,126	31,003	0	11,123
China (Formosa)	52,158	52,500	0	0
Brazil	80,000	80,154	0	0
British West Indies and British Guiana	10,514	9,995	409	110
Colombia	30,000	29,988	0	12
Ireland	5,000	0	5,000	0
El Salvador	5,000	4,982	0	18
Fiji Island	5,000	4,961	0	39
Guatemala	5,000	0	5,000	0
Costa Rica	8,163	8,111	0	52
Panama	3,158	0	2,569	589
Netherlands	3,100	0	3,100	0
French West Indies	5,000	5,000	0	0
Haiti	1,388	0	1,388	0
Belgium	888	0	888	0
India	100,000	98,168	0	1,832
Total	1,604,212	1,570,104	18,354	16,250

^{1/} Charges exclude the first 10 tons entered from Brazil, Colombia, El Salvador, Guatemala, India, French West Indies, Ireland and the Fiji Islands.

Table 12. - Primary distribution of sugar, continental United States, by States, May 1962

State and region	Cane sugar refiners	Beet sugar processors	Importers of direct- consumption sugar	Mainland cane sugar mills	Total
Hundredweights ^{1/}					
New England					
Connecticut	112,803		1,360	210	114,373
Maine	50,714				50,714
Massachusetts	437,482		2,017	190	439,689
New Hampshire	35,451				35,451
Rhode Island	40,567		1,594		42,161
Vermont	19,679				19,679
Sub-total	696,696		4,971	400	702,067
Mid-Atlantic					
New Jersey	1,023,983		81,449		1,105,432
New York	1,149,203	3,088	99,914	610	1,252,815
Pennsylvania	946,225	2,810	134,154		1,083,189
Sub-total	3,119,411	5,898	315,517	610	3,441,436
North Central					
Illinois	898,071	723,080	11,000	18,503	1,650,654
Indiana	324,921	72,690	1,499		399,110
Iowa	49,230	115,879	420		165,529
Kansas	34,416	80,066		300	114,782
Michigan	298,043	279,398	800		578,241
Minnesota	36,863	129,383			166,246
Missouri	257,200	159,737	1,540	4,350	422,827
Nebraska	12,570	106,649			119,219
North Dakota	42	18,593			18,635
Ohio	688,304	69,771	10,620		768,695
South Dakota	2,164	36,653			38,817
Wisconsin	99,165	174,774			273,939
Sub-total	2,700,989	1,966,673	25,879	23,153	4,716,694
Southern					
Alabama	226,298				226,298
Arkansas	121,619	274			121,893
Delaware	30,364				30,364
District of Columbia	38,763		4,308		43,071
Florida	212,354		113,916	571	326,841
Georgia	540,268		6,912		547,180
Kentucky	250,703		995		251,698
Louisiana	348,226			1,735	349,961
Maryland	387,684		29,346		417,030
Mississippi	148,827				148,827
North Carolina	350,036		30,458	220	380,714
Oklahoma	132,696	20,269			152,965
South Carolina	142,005		7,125		149,130
Tennessee	317,193		837	7,996	326,026
Texas	571,562	103,674	5,790	600	681,626
Virginia	218,728		54,861		273,589
West Virginia	83,658	800	3,251		87,709
Sub-total	4,120,984	125,017	257,799	11,122	4,514,922
Western					
Alaska	2,420	2,518			4,938
Arizona	29,625	24,359	- 75		53,909
California	434,478	942,095	47,018		1,423,591
Colorado	6,735	99,203			105,938
Idaho	3,977	24,653			28,630
Montana	1,013	22,377			23,390
Nevada	5,555	4,924			10,479
New Mexico	7,283	14,653			21,936
Oregon	37,770	88,759	5,150		131,679
Utah	4,284	50,944			55,228
Washington	46,794	150,706	12,500		210,000
Wyoming	216	6,590			6,806
Sub-total	580,150	1,431,781	64,593		2,076,524
Grand total	11,218,230	3,529,369	668,759	35,285	15,451,643

^{1/} Reported as produced or imported and delivered except liquid sugar which is on a sugar solids content basis.

Table 13. - Primary distribution of sugar, continental United States, by States, January-May 1962

State and region	Cane sugar refiners	Beet sugar processors	Importers of direct- consumption sugar	Mainland cane sugar mills	Total
Hundredweights ^{1/}					
New England					
Connecticut	504,471		4,310	660	509,441
Maine	240,855		300		241,155
Massachusetts	2,021,177		14,723	590	2,036,490
New Hampshire	143,565				143,565
Rhode Island	186,772		11,885		198,657
Vermont	97,255		25,837		123,092
Sub-total	3,194,095		57,055	1,250	3,252,400
Mid-Atlantic					
New Jersey	3,239,273		291,141		3,530,414
New York	6,377,360	124,228	361,805	5,385	6,868,778
Pennsylvania	4,357,835	16,373	466,636		4,840,844
Sub-total	13,974,468	140,601	1,119,582	5,385	15,240,036
North Central					
Illinois	3,639,276	3,712,861	11,000	50,874	7,414,011
Indiana	1,307,845	406,307	2,975		1,717,127
Iowa	203,087	553,642	420	7,440	764,589
Kansas	155,349	360,430		1,500	517,279
Michigan	1,212,418	1,245,098	6,000	600	2,464,116
Minnesota	172,803	660,124		2,025	834,952
Missouri	1,071,122	714,020	1,540	15,605	1,802,287
Nebraska	73,681	476,786		2,400	552,867
North Dakota	239	97,677			97,916
Ohio	2,719,821	430,283	19,467		3,169,571
South Dakota	11,881	159,435			171,316
Wisconsin	455,457	814,187		5,200	1,274,844
Sub-total	11,022,979	9,630,850	41,402	85,644	20,780,875
Southern					
Alabama	1,005,100		16,000	1,000	1,022,100
Arkansas	443,564	23,138		20	466,722
Delaware	114,951		3,500		118,451
District of Columbia	150,422		23,208		173,630
Florida	1,137,106		361,212	94,113	1,592,431
Georgia	2,232,519		21,105	10,230	2,263,854
Kentucky	968,464		2,655	2,400	973,519
Louisiana	1,452,559		599	32,815	1,485,973
Maryland	1,438,492		148,142		1,586,634
Mississippi	643,064			6,789	649,853
North Carolina	1,448,169		83,478	660	1,532,307
Oklahoma	506,142	106,978			613,120
South Carolina	653,561		21,333		674,894
Tennessee	1,322,108		2,787	27,346	1,352,241
Texas	2,818,956	534,535	15,521	1,410	3,370,422
Virginia	864,031	2,800	223,530		1,090,361
West Virginia	306,273	6,262	9,366		321,901
Sub-total	17,505,481	673,713	932,436	176,783	19,288,413
Western					
Alaska	11,474	7,414			18,888
Arizona	162,736	106,268			269,004
California	2,365,679	3,316,762	67,113	1,000	5,750,554
Colorado	32,161	433,303			465,464
Idaho	18,836	98,774			117,610
Montana	9,020	119,742			128,762
Nevada	27,889	21,785			49,674
New Mexico	36,046	68,896			104,942
Oregon	195,672	317,823	5,150		518,645
Utah	25,003	219,257			244,260
Washington	234,623	553,634	21,497		809,754
Wyoming	2,549	30,120			32,669
Sub-total	3,121,688	5,293,778	93,760	1,000	8,510,226
Grand total	48,818,711	15,738,942	2,244,235	270,062	67,071,950

1/ Reported as produced or imported and delivered except liquid sugar which is on a sugar solids content basis.

Table 14.- Primary distribution of sugar continental United States, by states, January-May 1962 and 1961

State and region	Cane sugar refiners		Beet processors		Total all Primary Distributors ^{2/}	
	1962	1961	1962	1961	1962	1961
Thousands of hundredweights ^{1/}						
<u>New England</u>						
Connecticut	504	522			509	540
Maine	241	275			241	275
Massachusetts	2,021	2,082			2,036	2,099
New Hampshire	144	146			144	146
Rhode Island	187	225			199	232
Vermont	97	118			123	118
Sub-total	3,194	3,368			3,252	3,410
<u>Mid-Atlantic</u>						
New Jersey	3,239	3,006			3,530	3,242
New York	6,377	6,462	124	195	6,869	7,018
Pennsylvania	4,358	4,303	16	226	4,841	5,062
Sub-total	13,974	13,771	140	421	15,240	15,322
<u>North Central</u>						
Illinois	3,639	3,243	3,713	3,761	7,414	7,160
Indiana	1,308	1,234	406	527	1,717	1,767
Iowa	203	239	554	596	765	854
Kansas	155	181	361	355	517	538
Michigan	1,212	1,102	1,245	1,463	2,464	2,572
Minnesota	173	147	660	760	835	912
Missouri	1,071	974	714	847	1,802	1,834
Nebraska	74	100	477	495	553	599
North Dakota	*	3	98	89	98	92
Ohio	2,720	2,486	430	1,015	3,170	3,507
South Dakota	12	12	159	211	171	223
Wisconsin	456	497	814	773	1,275	1,298
Sub-total	11,023	10,218	9,631	10,892	20,781	21,356
<u>Southern</u>						
Alabama	1,005	1,160			1,022	1,173
Arkansas	444	466	23	37	467	503
Delaware	115	96			118	102
District of Columbia	150	168			174	197
Florida	1,137	1,054		*	1,593	1,625
Georgia	2,233	2,397			2,264	2,433
Kentucky	969	960		28	974	1,014
Louisiana	1,453	1,548			1,486	1,570
Maryland	1,438	1,440		2	1,587	1,576
Mississippi	643	686			650	691
North Carolina	1,448	1,380			1,532	1,675
Oklahoma	506	472	107	130	613	602
South Carolina	654	756			675	781
Tennessee	1,322	1,485		20	1,352	1,546
Texas	2,819	2,868	535	526	3,370	3,413
Virginia	864	952	3	64	1,090	1,235
West Virginia	306	342	6	14	322	365
Sub-total	17,506	18,230	674	821	19,289	20,501
<u>Western</u>						
Alaska	11	13	7	9	19	22
Arizona	163	157	106	83	269	240
California	2,366	2,294	3,317	3,188	5,750	5,582
Colorado	32	37	433	389	465	426
Idaho	19	16	99	95	118	111
Montana	9	11	120	121	129	132
Nevada	28	26	22	18	50	44
New Mexico	36	43	69	90	105	133
Oregon	196	216	318	295	519	530
Utah	25	24	219	206	244	230
Washington	234	241	554	519	809	806
Wyoming	3	3	30	39	33	42
Sub-total	3,122	3,081	5,294	5,052	8,510	8,298
<u>Grand total</u>	<u>48,819</u>	<u>48,668</u>	<u>15,739</u>	<u>17,186</u>	<u>67,072</u>	<u>68,887</u>

^{1/} Reported as produced or imported and delivered except liquid sugar which is on a sugar solids content basis.

^{2/} Includes deliveries by importers of direct-consumption sugar and mainland cane sugar mills.

* Less than 500 hundredweights.

Table 15. - Sugar prices

Year and Month	Raw cane sugar-spot prices:			Quota : Refined beet sugar - quoted		
	: Domestic :	: "World" :	: premiums 3/:	wholesale (gross) 4/		
	: Sugar at N.Y.:	: Sugar 2/:	: and :	: Chicago :	: Pacific :	
	: duty paid 1/:	: Sugar 2/:	: discounts :	: Eastern :	: West :	: Coast
Cents per pound						
1957-61 Monthly Average	6.27	3.53	+1.82	8.62	8.67	9.01
1960 Monthly Average	6.30	3.14	+2.21	8.79	8.77	8.96
1961 Monthly Average	6.30	2.91	+2.45	8.36	8.59	8.84
1961						
July	6.39	3.05	+2.38	8.35	8.42	8.80
August	6.06	2.80	+2.29	8.35	8.40	8.80
September	6.06	2.69	+2.41	8.35	8.40	8.80
October	6.19	2.73	+2.50	8.35	8.40	8.80
November	6.29	2.53	+2.80	8.48	8.53	8.80
December	6.40	2.46	+2.98	8.55	8.72	8.80
1962						
January	6.45	2.30	+3.23	8.95	8.80	8.80
February	6.37	2.36	+3.10	8.95	8.80	8.80
March	6.43	2.65	+2.89	8.95	8.80	8.80
April	6.43	2.69	+2.86	9.02	8.96	9.00
May	6.43	2.60	+2.95	9.05	9.00	9.03
June	6.45	2.63	+2.94	9.10	9.00	9.20
Last 12-Month Average	6.33	2.62	+2.78	8.70	8.69	8.87

Year and Month	Refined Cane Sugar - Quoted Wholesale (Gross) 4/						: Refined
	: North :	: South :	: Chicago :	: Pacific :	: U. S. :		: Retail
	: East :	: East :	: Gulf :	: West :	: Coast :		: U. S.
							: Average
Cents per pound							
1957-61 Monthly Average	9.32	9.19	9.18	8.86	9.05	11.43	
1960 Monthly Average	9.43	9.40	9.39	8.97	8.96	11.63	
1961 Monthly Average	9.40	9.25	9.23	8.76	8.84	11.77	
1961							
July	9.40	9.41	9.07	8.66	8.80	11.78	
August	9.36	9.20	9.00	8.60	8.80	11.74	
September	9.30	9.10	9.00	8.60	8.80	11.64	
October	9.19	9.05	9.00	8.60	8.80	11.68	
November	9.19	9.00	9.00	8.73	8.80	11.62	
December	9.30	9.00	9.00	8.90	8.80	11.62	
1962							
January	9.37	9.06	9.00	9.00	8.80	11.62	
February	9.50	9.10	9.00	9.00	8.80	11.70	
March	9.50	9.10	9.00	9.00	8.80	11.68	
April	9.60	9.20	9.10	9.16	9.00	11.64	
May	9.60	9.20	9.10	9.20	9.03	11.64	
June	9.60	9.20	9.10	9.20	9.20		
Last 12-Month Average	9.41	9.14	9.03	8.89	8.87	11.67 5/	

1/ Spot prices during 1956-60 were for sugar in bags under Contract No. 6 plus .50 cent per pound duty (Cuban). Beginning with 1961, spot prices are for bulk sugar under Contract No. 7, the terms of which are duty paid or duty free.

2/ Spot prices during 1956-60 based on No. 4 Contract which was for bagged sugar F.A.S. Cuba. Beginning with 1961 spot prices are those under No. 8 Contract which is also for bagged sugar but F.O.B. and stowed at Greater Caribbean ports (including Brazil).

3/ For 1956-60 these amounts are the difference between the spot prices of the No. 6 "Domestic" Contract rolled back to Cuba (minus freight and insurance) and the spot prices of the No. 4 "World" Contract. Beginning with 1961 the No. 7 "Domestic Bulk" Contract has been adjusted by deducting duty (.625¢) computed freight, insurance and unloading charges, and adding the bag allowance (currently .04¢) before calculating the differential from No. 8 "World" Contract spot prices.

4/ These are basis prices in 100 pound paper bags, NOT delivered prices. To obtain delivered prices add "Freight Prepay" and deduct discounts and allowances. For illustration see Sugar Reports 81, January 1959, pages 5 to 9.

5/ 11-Month Average.

Table 16. - Refined sugar production and month-end stocks

Year and Month	Production		Month-end Stocks ^{1/}	
	Cane sugar	Beet	Cane sugar	Beet
	refiners	Processors	refiners	Processors
1,000 short tons, raw value				
1957-61 monthly average	529	189	297	861
1960 monthly average	542	203	312	915
1961 monthly average	553	198	292	932
<u>1961</u>				
July	579	44	306	562
August	685	93	312	362
September	580	106	256	211
October	554	585	256	586
November	570	614	257	988
December	514	474	245	1,269
<u>1962</u>				
January	519	247	296	1,377
February	447	54	302	1,298
March	561	14	244	1,119
April	511	75	267	1,006
May	616	47	280	863
June ^{2/}	680	56	281	701
Last 12-month average	568	201	275	862

^{1/} Includes over-quota and quota exempt sugar.^{2/} Preliminary.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service
Sugar Division
Washington 25, D. C.

POSTAGE AND FEES PAID

OFFICIAL BUSINESS